Ahli United Bank B.S.C. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018



Ernst & Young Middle East P.O. Box 140 10th Floor, East Tower Bahrain World Trade Center Manama Kingdom of Bahrain Tel: +973 1753 5455 Fax: +973 1753 5405 manama@bh.ey.com C.R. No. 29977

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF AHLI UNITED BANK B.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Ahli United Bank B.S.C. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at 30 June 2018, comprising of the interim consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2018 and the related interim consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and condensed cash flows for the six-month period then ended and explanatory notes. The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

22 July 2018

Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

Ernst + Young

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Reviewed)

		Three mon	ths ended	Six month	is ended
		30 Ju	ine	30 Ju	ine
		2018	2017	2018	2017
	Note	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000
Interest income		412,480	329,121	796,662	646,384
Interest expense		174,568	117,191	329,420	230,335
Net interest income		237,912	211,930	467,242	416,049
Fees and commissions		31,859	33,284	69,459	67,495
Trading income		10,428	9,440	21,566	17,155
Investment income and others	3	39,599	20,957	54,139	47,070
Fees and other income		81,886	63,681	145,164	131,720
OPERATING INCOME		319,798	275,611	612,406	547,769
Provision for credit losses	7c	29,034	25,765	42,287	37,983
NET OPERATING INCOME		290,764	249,846	570,119	509,786
Staff costs		50,463	47,084	96,053	92,739
Depreciation		5,515	4,880	10,733	9,476
Other operating expenses		28,264	23,949	53,335	47,120
OPERATING EXPENSES		84,242	75,913	160,121	149,335
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		206,522	173,933	409,998	360,451
Tax expense		12,227	9,834	23,530	21,180
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		194,295	164,099	386,468	339,271
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interest		11,584	12,214	29,043	27,961
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE		100 711	151.005		211 210
OWNERS OF THE BANK		182,711	151,885	357,425	311,310
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE BANK FOR THE PERIOD					
Basic & diluted earnings per ordinary					
share (US cents)	4	2.1	1.7	4.3	3.7

Hamad M. Al-Humaidhi Chairman **Mohammad J. Al-Marzooq**Deputy Chairman

Adel A. El-Labban
Group Chief Executive Officer
& Managing Director

Ahli United Bank B.S.C.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Reviewed)

	Three mon	ths ended	Six months ended		
	30 Ju	ine	30 Ju	ine	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	USD'000	
Net profit for the period	194,295	164,099	386,468	339,271	
Other comprehensive income (OCI)					
Items that will not be reclassified to					
consolidated statement of income					
Net change in fair value of financial assets	2.410	(2.290)	2 957	(2.020)	
measured at fair value through OCI Net change in pension fund reserve	2,619 14,140	(3,289) 1,348	2,857 10,452	(2,939) 4,286	
Net change in property revaluation reserve	-	-	-	(269)	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to consolidated statement of income					
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(25,908)	6,955	(8,432)	17,310	
Net change in fair value of financial assets					
measured at fair value through OCI	(8,249)	-	(21,019)	-	
Transfers to consolidated statement of income	(5,909)	-	(5,909)	-	
Net change in fair value of cash flow hedges	6,314	(4,468)	12,121	(5,120)	
Other comprehensive income for the period	(16,993)	546	(9,930)	13,268	
Total comprehensive income for the period	177,302	164,645	376,538	352,539	
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	7,294	12,799	27,920	30,984	
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Bank	170,008	151,846	348,618	321,555	
			:		

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

30 June 2018 (Reviewed)

			(Audited)
		30 June	31 December
		2018	2017
	Note	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with central banks		1,189,100	809,986
Treasury bills and deposits with central banks		2,517,914	2,576,352
Deposits with banks		2,419,352	2,469,751
Loans and advances	7	19,601,604	19,498,702
Non-trading investments	8	6,615,184	6,002,410
Investment in associates		311,409	304,020
Investment properties		262,832	256,242
Premises and equipment		231,392	226,672
Interest receivable and other assets		792,740	616,920
Goodwill and other intangible assets	_	479,315	480,830
TOTAL ASSETS	=	34,420,842	33,241,885
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Deposits from banks		3,689,900	3,943,233
Borrowings under repurchase agreements		941,152	1,272,758
Customers' deposits		23,856,918	22,009,857
Interest payable and other liabilities		1,061,427	912,679
Subordinated liabilities	_	203,981	215,204
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	29,753,378	28,353,731
EQUITY			
Ordinary share capital		1,992,541	1,889,213
Treasury shares		(13,190)	(11,661)
Reserves		1,643,140	1,938,070
Equity attributable to the owners	-	3,622,491	3,815,622
Perpetual Tier 1 Capital Securities		600,000	600,000
Non-controlling interest		444,973	472,532
TOTAL EQUITY	_	4,667,464	4,888,154
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_	34,420,842	33,241,885

Hamad M. Al-Humaidhi Chairman **Mohammad J. Al-Marzooq**Deputy Chairman

Adel A. El-Labban
Group Chief Executive Officer
& Managing Director

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Reviewed)

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2018 US\$ '000	2017 US\$ '000	
Net cash from operating activities	897,033	641,216	
Net cash used in investing activities	(531,750)	(175,440)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(370,289)	(319,936)	
Net foreign exchange difference	(6,108)	14,882	
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(11,114)	160,722	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	2,528,722	2,309,113	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 JUNE	2,517,608	2,469,835	
Comprising:			
Cash and balances with central banks, excluding mandatory reserve deposits	741,482	881,404	
Deposits with banks with an original maturity of three months or less	1,776,126	1,588,431	
	2,517,608	2,469,835	

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Reviewed)

Attributable to the owners

					Res	erves					
	Ordinary share capital US\$ '000	Treasury shares US\$ '000	Share premium US\$ '000	Statutory reserve US\$ '000	Retained earnings US\$ '000	Proposed appropriations US\$ '000	Other reserves (note 9) US\$ '000	Total reserves US\$ '000	Perpetual Tier 1 Capital Securities US\$ '000	Non- controlling interest US\$ '000	Total US\$ '000
Balance at 31 December 2017	1,889,213	(11,661)	754,308	516,728	799,366	342,578	(474,910)	1,938,070	600,000	472,532	4,888,154
Transition adjustment on											
adoption of IFRS 9 (note 2)	-	-	-	-	(249,543)	-	54,644	(194,899)	-	(30,432)	(225,331)
Restated balance at									·		
1 January 2018	1,889,213	(11,661)	754,308	516,728	549,823	342,578	(420,266)	1,743,171	600,000	442,100	4,662,823
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	(1,000)	=	(1,000)	-	-	(1,000)
Bonus shares issued	94,883	-	-	-	(94,883)	-	-	(94,883)	-	_	-
Additional shares issued	8,445	-	9,352	-	-	-	-	9,352	-	-	17,797
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(1,529)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,529)
Transfer from OCI reserve	-	-	-	-	(5,705)	-	-	(5,705)	-	-	(5,705)
Distribution related to Perpetual Tier 1 Capital Securities Distribution related to Perpetual	-	-	-	-	(13,750)			(13,750)			(13,750)
Tier 1 Sukuk	-	-	-	-	(4,120)			(4,120)	-	(1,380)	(5,500)
Ordinary share dividend	-	-	-	-	818	(341,578)	-	(340,760)	-	_	(340,760)
Dividends of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,667)	(23,667)
Fair value amortisation of											
share based transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,217	2,217	-	-	2,217
Total comprehensive income											
for the period		_		_	357,425		(8,807)	348,618		27,920	376,538
Balance at 30 June 2018	1,992,541	(13,190)	763,660	516,728	789,608	-	(426,856)	1,643,140	600,000	444,973	4,667,464

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Reviewed)

Attributable to the owners

					Res	erves					
	Ordinary share capital US\$ '000	Treasury shares US\$ '000	Share premium US\$ '000	Statutory reserve US\$ '000	Retained earnings US\$ '000	Proposed appropriations US\$ '000	Other reserves (note 9) US\$ '000	Total reserves US\$ '000	Perpetual Tier I Capital Securities US\$ '000	Non- controlling interest US\$ '000	Total US\$ '000
Balance at 31 December 2016	1,711,322	(11,497)	747,583	454,856	791,395	310,144	(502,976)	1,801,002	600,000	438,675	4,539,502
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	(1,000)	_	(1,000)	-	-	(1,000)
Bonus shares issued	171,747	_	-	-	(171,747)	-	-	(171,747)	-	-	-
Additional shares issued	6,144	-	6,373	-	-	-	-	6,373	-	-	12,517
Transfer from OCI reserve	-	-	-	-	(1,972)	-	-	(1,972)	-	-	(1,972)
Distribution related to Perpetual Tier 1 Capital Securities Distribution related to Perpetual	-	-	-	-	(13,750)	-	-	(13,750)	-	-	(13,750)
Tier 1 Sukuk	_	_	_	-	(4,120)	-	_	(4,120)	-	(1,380)	(5,500)
Ordinary share dividend	-	-	-	-	733	(309,144)	-	(308,411)	-	-	(308,411)
Dividends of subsidiary Fair value amortisation of share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,414)	(15,414)
based transactions Total comprehensive income for	-	-	-	-	- 211 210	-	1,744	1,744	-	- 20.094	1,744
the period					311,310		10,245	321,555		30,984	352,539
Balance at 30 June 2017	1,889,213	(11,497)	753,956	454,856	911,849		(490,987)	1,629,674	600,000	452,865	4,560,255

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

The parent company, Ahli United Bank B.S.C. ("AUB" or "the Bank") was incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain on 31 May 2000 originally as a closed company and changed on 12 July 2000 to a public shareholding company by Amiri Decree number 16/2000. The Bank and its subsidiaries (collectively known as "the Group") are engaged in retail, commercial, islamic and investment banking business, global fund management, private banking services and life insurance business through branches, in the Kingdom of Bahrain, the State of Kuwait, the Arab Republic of Egypt, Republic of Iraq, Dubai International Financial Centre (Authorised Firm) and the United Kingdom. It also operates through its associates in the Sultanate of Oman and Libya as at 30 June 2018. The Bank operates under a retail banking licence issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain. The Bank's registered office is located at Building 2495, Road 2832, Al Seef District 428, Kingdom of Bahrain.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 22 July 2018.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Bank and the Group are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34").

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, except for changes to the accounting for financial instruments resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9: Financial Instruments and IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers from 1 January 2018 as explained below.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 was issued in May 2014 and is effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018. IFRS 15 outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue guidance, which is found currently across several Standards and Interpretations within IFRS. It established a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

The Group adopted IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' resulting in no change in the revenue recognition policy of the Group in relation to its contracts with customers. Further, adoption of IFRS 15 had no material impact on this interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group.

IFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

The Group has adopted IFRS 9 as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board in July 2014 with a date of adoption being 1 January 2018, which resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts previously recognised in the financial statements. The Group had previously early adopted Phase 1 of IFRS 9 - 'classification IFRS 9 (2010) during 2012 and assessed the classification and measurement of its existing financial assets and financial liabilities as of that date.

As permitted by the transitional provisions of IFRS 9, the Group elected not to restate comparative figures. Accordingly, the information presented for 2017 does not reflect the requirements of IFRS 9 and therefore is not comparable to the information presented for 2018 under IFRS 9. The impact of the adoption of IFRS 9 as at 1 January 2018 has been recognised in retained earnings and other reserves. The new Standard eliminates the use of the existing IAS 39 incurred loss impairment model approach and replaces with a forward-looking expected credit loss (ECL) approach, uses the revised hedge accounting framework, and the revised guidance on the classification and measurement requirements.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (continued)

Classification & Measurement

IFRS 9 (2014) provides revised guidance on how an entity should classify and measure its financial assets and financial liabilities. IFRS 9 requires all financial assets to be classified in their entirety on the basis of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Group reviewed and assessed the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities on the adoption of IFRS 9 (2010) during 2012 and has further reviewed and assessed the existing financial assets and financial liabilities at 1 January 2018. Except for classification of debt instruments amounting to US\$ 1.3 billion from amortised cost to fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) category on 1 January 2018, there have been no changes in the classification and measurement of financial assets or financial liabilities on the adoption of IFRS 9 (2014).

The Group applies the new category under IFRS 9 for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI when both of the following conditions are met:

- The instrument is held within a business model, the objective of which is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset meet the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) test.

FVTOCI debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising due to changes in fair value recognised in OCI. On derecognition, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in OCI are reclassified from OCI to consolidated statement of income.

Hedge accounting

Hedge accounting model introduced under IFRS 9 is designed to better align hedge accounting with risk management activities. It has also provided using more broadly to a greater variety of hedging instruments and risks eligible for hedge accounting. Moreover, it has removed rule based thresholds for testing hedge effectiveness by bringing principle based criteria. Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is no longer required. Current accounting treatments of fair value, cashflow and net investment hedge accounting have been retained. IFRS 9 provides an accounting choice to continue to apply IAS 39 hedge accounting rules until the IASB finalizes its macro hedge accounting project.

The Group has determined that all existing hedge relationships that are currently designated as effective hedging relationships would continue to qualify for hedge accounting under IFRS 9 and accordingly has adopted IFRS 9 hedge accounting effective 1 January 2018.

Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 (2014) replaces the incurred loss model in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement with an expected credit loss model.

The Group applies a three-stage approach to measure allowance for credit losses, using an expected credit loss approach as required under IFRS 9, for the following categories of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

- Amortized cost financial assets;
- Debt securities classified as FVTOCI;
- Off-balance sheet loan commitments; and
- Financial guarantee contracts, letters of credit & acceptances.

Impairment allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) are recognised for financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL and are reflected in provisions for loan losses & others and provision for investments. Equity investments are not subject to impairment assessments.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (continued)

Expected credit loss impairment model

The Group's allowance for credit losses calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. The expected credit loss impairment model reflects the present value of all cash shortfalls related to default events either (i) over the following twelve months or (ii) over the expected life of a financial instrument depending on credit deterioration from date of initial recognition. The allowance for credit losses reflects an unbiased, probability-weighted outcome which considers multiple scenarios based on reasonable and supportable forecasts.

Expected credit losses are the product of the Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD), and Loss Given Default (LGD). The PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation, either over the next 12 months, or over the remaining lifetime of the obligation. The EAD is the expected amount of exposure at the point of default which is mainly determined by the current exposure value for funded exposures. The EAD for unfunded exposures including undrawn commitments are determined by historical behavioural analysis and regulatory Credit Conversion Factors (CCF). The LGD quantifies the potential loss from an exposure in the event of default. The key determinants of LGD are, among others, past recovery / loss data for each segment, external loss data, expected recovery period, discount rate, regulatory guidance etc.

Incorporation of forward looking information

The Group incorporates forward-looking information into both its assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and its measurement of Point-in-Time PD (PiT PD). The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected credit losses. The forecast economic variables are applied to established regression relationships to determine PiT PD. Macroeconomic factors taken into consideration include oil related variables, gross domestic product, unemployment and real estate indices. The methodologies and assumptions including any forecasts of future economic conditions are reviewed regularly.

The impairment model measures credit loss allowances using a three-stage approach based on the extent of credit deterioration since origination as described below:

Stage 1 – Measures and recognizes credit loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL for financial instruments for which credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition. All investment grade assets are deemed to be Stage 1 as per AUB's policy under the low credit risk presumption except in cases where there are past dues in excess of 30 days (rebuttable) or 60 days (non-rebuttable).

Stage 2 – If credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition (whether assessed on an individual or collective basis), then measure and recognise credit loss allowance at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL. The key drivers to consider an asset as Stage 2 as per AUB's policy are as follows:

- Movements in risk rating since origination. Where the rating movement has deteriorated by 50% or more, 'the amortised cost of financial asset is automatically migrated to Stage 2.
- Number of days past due (30 days rebuttable) subject to approval of IFRS 9 working committee (WC) decision; 60 days (non-rebuttable).
- Restructured credits: As per CBB, all restructured facilities are required to remain in Stage 2 for a minimum period of 12 months from the date of restructuring.
- Delays in credit reviews or resolving credit exceptions subject to WC decision.
- Sector or country specific weakness subject to WC decision.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (continued)

• Any other specific indicators including forward looking information which are available without undue cost or effort with respect to the obligor or the exposure such as, but not limited to, arrears with other lenders, law suits filed against the obligor by other lenders / creditors, negative movements in market indicators of financial performance etc. and the WC determines that this represents a significant deterioration in credit quality etc.

Stage 3 – Financial instruments where there is objective evidence of impairment are considered to be in credit impaired are included in this stage. Similar to Stage 2, the allowance for credit losses captures the lifetime expected credit losses.

Financial assets that are subject to ECL measurement are tested as to whether they are credit-impaired. Objective evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired may include a breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, indications that it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other significant financial reorganisation, the disappearance of an active market, or other observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the group, or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the group. The Group continues its policy of treating financial instruments as credit impaired under Stage 3 category when the repayment of the principal or interest is overdue for 90 days or more.

Financial assets are written off after all restructuring and collection activities have taken place and there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

In preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, significant judgements made by management in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 except for new judgements and estimates explained below:

Measurement of the expected credit loss allowance

The measurement of the ECL for financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVTOCI is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions, credit behaviour (e.g. the likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses), estimation of the amount and timing of the future cash flows and collateral values. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's ECL calculation are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- -Internal credit rating model, which assigns PDs to the individual ratings;
- -Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- -Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL;
- -Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EADs and LGDs;
- -Selection and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models;
- -Establishing groups of similar financial assets for the purposes of measuring ECL; and
- -Determining relevant period of exposure with respect to the revolving facilities and facilities undergoing restructuring at the time of the reporting date.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (continued)

Transition adjustments

a) Impact of reclassification and remeasurement on the carrying value of non-trading investments

The impact of reclassification and remeasurement on the carrying value of non-trading investments arising from a change in measurement from amortised cost to FVTOCI attributable on transition to IFRS 9 for the Group's financial assets as at 1 January 2018 is disclosed in the table below:-

	Carrying			Carrying
	amount			amount
	31 December			1 January
	2017	Reclassification	Remeasurement	2018
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Non-trading investments	1,345,162	54,644	(2,486)	1,397,320

b) Impact of impairment allowance

The following table relates to the impact of impairment allowance for financial assets in accordance with IAS 39 as at 31 December 2017 and the opening ECL allowance determined in accordance with IFRS 9 as at 1 January 2018 :

	31 December 2017		Remeasurement		1 January 2018
	Carrying amount US\$'000	Retained earnings Debit/(Credit) US\$'000	Non controlling interest Debit US\$'000	Total Debit/(Credit) US\$'000	Carrying amount US\$'000
Deposits with banks	2,469,751	1,481	25	1,506	2,468,245
Loans and advances	19,498,702	232,376	27,883	260,259	19,238,443
Non-trading investments Other liabilities - Off balance sheet exposures	6,002,410 912,679	(23,533)	129 2,395	(23,404) 41,614	6,025,814 871,065
311 Samuel Salect Enposition		249,543	30,432	279,975	0,1,003

3 INVESTMENT INCOME AND OTHERS

Investment income and others includes income amounting to US\$ 7,814 thousand for the six months ended 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: US\$ 7,013 thousand) which is of a seasonal nature.

4 EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE

	Three month 30 Ju			hs ended June
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Net profit for the period attributable to Bank's ordinary equity shareholders for basic and diluted earnings per share computation	182,711	151,885	357,425	311,310
(Less): Perpetual Tier 1 Capital Securities distribution (Less): Perpetual Tier 1 Sukuk distribution	(13,750) (4,120)	(13,750) (4,120)	(13,750) (4,120)	(13,750) (4,120)
Adjusted net profit for the period attributable to Bank's ordinary equity shareholders for basic and diluted earnings per share computation	164,841	134,015	339,555	293,440
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding during the period adjusted for bonus shares (in millions)	7,950	7,916	7,950	7,908
Basic & diluted earnings per ordinary share (US cents)	2.1	1.7	4.3	3.7
Issued and fully paid ordinary shares of US\$ 0.25 each (in	millions)		7,970.2	7,556.9
Number of treasury shares (in millions)		_	21.6	17.9
5 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		_		
The Group had the following credit related contingent liab	ilities:			
·				(Audited)
			30 June	31 December
		_	2018 US\$ '000	US\$ '000
			·	
Guarantees			2,569,228	2,629,554
Acceptances			218,268	187,852
Letters of credit			563,845	566,808

6 SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management reporting purposes the Group is organised into four major business segments:

- Retail banking
- Corporate banking
- Treasury and investments
- Private banking

Transactions between segments are conducted at estimated market rates on an arm's length basis. Interest is charged/credited to business segments based on a pool rate, which approximates the cost of funds.

3,351,341

3,384,214

6 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segmental information for the period was as follows:

	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Treasury & investments	Private banking	Total US\$ '000
Six months ended 30 June 2018:	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ 1000
Net interest income	95,342	225,086	110,550	36,264	467,242
Fees and commissions	16,264	38,400	2,142	12,653	69,459
Trading, investment income and others	1,760	9,712	64,156	77	75,705
OPERATING INCOME	113,366	273,198	176,848	48,994	612,406
Provision for credit losses	5,283	38,870	(970)	(896)	42,287
NET OPERATING INCOME	108,083	234,328	177,818	49,890	570,119
Operating expenses	55,612	39,266	47,729	17,514	160,121
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	52,471	195,062	130,089	32,376	409,998
Tax expense			,		23,530
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD				_	386,468
Less: Non - controlling interest					29,043
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE BANK				_	357,425
Inter segment interest included	114.255	(1.42.661)	14 110	15 105	
in net interest income above	114,357	(143,661)	14,119	15,185	
	Retail	Corporate	Treasury &	Private	
	banking	banking	investments	banking	Total
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Six months ended 30 June 2017:					
Net interest income	86,555 15,587	213,072 39,024	82,712 458	33,710 12,426	416,049 67,495
Fees and commissions Trading, investment income and others	7,219	39,024 8,649	438 48,267	90	64,225
OPERATING INCOME	109,361	260,745	131,437	46,226	547,769
Provision for credit losses	4,030	32,630	1,184	139	37,983
NET OPERATING INCOME	105,331	228,115	130,253	46,087	509,786
Operating expenses	52,303	36,760	45,212	15,060	149,335
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	53,028	191,355	85,041	31,027	360,451
Tax expense					21,180
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD				_	339,271
Less: Non-controlling interest					27,961
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE BANK				_	311,310
Inter segment interest included				=	
in net interest income above	64,799	(84,092)	10,892	8,401	-

7 LOANS AND ADVANCES

a) Carrying amount of loans and advances

a) Carrying amount of loans and a	iuvances			30 June	2018	
		_	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
			US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Loans and advances						
High standard grade			11,446,885	430,437	-	11,877,322
Standard grade			5,698,168	2,555,294	-	8,253,462
Impaired		_		-	410,611	410,611
			17,145,053	2,985,731	410,611	20,541,395
Less: ECL allowances		_	(147,849)	(425,633)	(366,309)	(939,791)
			16,997,204	2,560,098	44,302	19,601,604
b) ECL allowance movements - loa	ons and adva	nces				
2, 202 4110 4110 1110 1110				2018	20	17
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Specific	Collective
				US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
At 31 December				589,068	380,239	316,932
Transition adjustment on adoption						
of IFRS 9				260,259		
At 1 January - restated	145,982	378,666	324,679	849,327	380,239	316,932
Add/(Less):						
Transfer from stage 1	(6,797)	5,198	1,599	-	-	-
Transfer from stage 2	-	(9,175)	9,175	-	-	-
Net remeasurement of ECL						
allowances for the period	8,632	51,986	28,931	89,549	28,529	9,637
Amounts written off during the						
period	-	-	(7,414)	(7,414)	(17,467)	-
Exchange rate and						
other adjustments	32	(1,042)	9,339	8,329	8,358	(5,510)
At 30 June	147,849	425,633	366,309	939,791	399,659	321,059

c) Provision for credit losses

The net ECL measurement for provision for credit losses in the interim consolidated statement of income is determined as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2018 20		
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	
Net remeasurement of ECL on loans and advances (note 7 b)	89,549	38,166	
Recoveries from loans and advances during the period			
(from fully provided loans written off in previous years)	(37,161)	(20,564)	
Net remeasurement of ECL for non-trading investments (note 8 b)	(970)	1,184	
Net remeasurement of ECL on off-balance sheet exposures and others	(9,131)	19,197	
Provision for credit losses	42,287	37,983	

8 NON-TRADING INVESTMENTS

a) Carrying amount of non-trading investments

		30 June	2018	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Non trading investments				
High standard grade	4,729,293	-	-	4,729,293
Standard grade	1,565,048	55,243	-	1,620,291
	6,294,341	55,243	-	6,349,584
Equity instruments and funds at fair value				277,459
Less: ECL allowances	(9,426)	(2,433)	-	(11,859)
	6,284,915	52,810	-	6,615,184

Equity instruments and funds held at fair value include investments amounting to US\$ 164.3 million (31 December 2017: US\$ 1.2 million) which are designated as FVTPL.

b) ECL allowance movements of non-trading investments

,				2018	20.	17
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Specific	Collective
				US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
At 31 December				39,221	12,963	77,271
Transition adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9				(23,404)		
At 1 January - restated	12,847	2,520	450	15,817	12,963	77,271
Add/(Less):						
Net remeasurement of ECL						
allowances for the period						
(note 7 c)	(433)	(537)	-	(970)	-	1,184
Amounts written off during the period	-	-	-	-	(12,436)	-
Exchange rate and						
other adjustments	(2,988)	450	(450)	(2,988)	(77)	(1,184)
At 30 June	9,426	2,433	-	11,859	450	77,271

9 MOVEMENT IN OTHER RESERVES

			Foreign		Cumulative	changes in		
	Capital reserve	Property revaluation reserve	exchange translation reserve	OCI reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	ESPP reserve	Pension fund reserve	Total other reserves
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Balance at 31 December 2017 Transition adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9	8,480	35,568	(423,986)	(12,981) 54,644	(26,659)	-	(55,332)	(474,910) 54,644
Balance at 1 January								34,044
2018 -restated	8,480	35,568	(423,986)	41,663	(26,659)	-	(55,332)	(420,266)
Currency translation adjustments Transfers to consolidated	-	(2)	(7,007)	-	-	-	-	(7,009)
statement of income	-	-	-	(5,909)	610	-	-	(5,299)
Net fair value movements	-	-	-	(24,167)	11,511	-	-	(12,656)
Transfers to retained earnings Fair value movements	-	-	-	5,705	-	-	-	5,705
and others	-	-	-	-	-	2,217	10,452	12,669
Balance at 30 June 2018	8,480	35,566	(430,993)	17,292	(14,538)	2,217	(44,880)	(426,856)
		-	Foreign		Cumulative	changes in		
		Property	exchange	OCI	Cash flow	changes in	Pension	Total
	Capital	revaluation	translation	reserve	hedge	ESPP	fund	other
	reserve	reserve	reserve		reserve	reserve	reserve	reserves
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Balance at								
31 December 2016	8,480	36,256	(455,168)	(11,019)	(23,783)	-	(57,742)	(502,976)
Currency translation adjustments	-	3	13,707	-	-	-	-	13,710
Transfers to consolidated					(549)			(540)
statement of income Net fair value movements	_	_	-	(4,334)	(4,571)	_	-	(549) (8,905)
Transfers to retained earnings	-	-	-	1,972	-	-	_	1,972
Fair value movements and others	_	-	_	-	_	1,744	4,286	6,030
Revaluation of freehold land	-	(269)	-	-	-	-	-	(269)
Balance at 30 June 2017	8,480	35,990	(441,461)	(13,381)	(28,903)	1,744	(53,456)	(490,987)

10 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of non-trading investments that are carried at amortised cost, approximate their carrying values. The fair value of the non-trading investments held at amortised cost is US\$ 5,054.6 million as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: US\$ 5,990.7 million). Carrying value of these non-trading investments is US\$ 5,110.9 million as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: US\$ 5,876.6 million).

The Group's primary medium and long-term financial liabilities are the subordinated liabilities. The fair values of these financial liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values, since these liabilities are repriced at intervals of three or six months, depending on the terms and conditions of the instrument and the resultant applicable margins approximate the current spreads that would apply for borrowings with similar maturities.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:-

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 : Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

		30 June	e 2018	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Equity instruments and funds at fair value	163,935	74,727	38,797	277,459
Debt instruments (FVTOCI)	1,213,371	13,490	-	1,226,861
Derivative assets	-	169,183	-	169,183
Derivative liabilities	50	191,692	-	191,742
		31 Decem	ber 2017	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Equity instruments and funds at fair value	251	77,034	48,509	125,794
Derivative assets	320	90,871	-	91,191
Derivative liabilities	102	143,043	-	143,145

During the six month period ended 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017 there have been no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3.

11 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group enters into transactions with major shareholders, associates, directors, senior management and companies which are controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties in the ordinary course of business at arm's length. All the loans and advances to related parties are performing and are free of any provision for possible loan losses.

The income, expense and the period end balances in respect of related parties included in the interim consolidated financial statements were as follows:

			2	2018		
				Senior mar	nagement	
			Non			
	Major		Executive	Management		
	shareholders	Associates	Directors	Directors	Others	Total
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
For the six months ended						
30 June 2018						
Interest income	-	2,872	3,823	130	16	6,841
Interest expense	61,150	11	556	54	5	61,776
Fees and commissions	-,	1,217	46	10	6	1,279
Short term employee benefits	_	-,	-	6,698	1,536	8,234
End of service benefits	_	_	_	924	85	1,009
Directors' fees and related expenses	_	_	1,057		-	1,057
As of 30 June 2018			_,			,
Deposits with banks	_	121,099	_	_	_	121,099
Loans and advances	_	52,531	184,891	8,603	1,078	247,103
Deposits from banks	_	14,186		-	_,	14,186
Customers' deposits	7,448,216	98	87,221	6,948	961	7,543,444
Subordinated liabilities	9,874		-	•	-	9,874
Commitments and contingent liabilities	-	70,416	132,413	-	_	202,829
Derivative liabilities	-	1,522	´ -	_	_	1,522
						,
			_	0.17		
				2017	nagoment	
				2017 Senior man	nagement	
	Major		Non	Senior man	nagement	
	Major	Associates	Non Executive	Senior man		Total
	shareholders	Associates	Non Executive Directors	Senior man Management Directors	Others	Total
For the six months anded	-	Associates US\$ '000	Non Executive	Senior man		Total US\$ '000
For the six months ended	shareholders		Non Executive Directors	Senior man Management Directors	Others	
30 June 2017	shareholders US\$ '000	US\$ '000	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000	Others US\$ '000	US\$ '000
30 June 2017 Interest income	shareholders US\$ '000	US\$ '000 1,683	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000	Others US\$ '000	US\$ '000 5,412
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205	US\$ '000 1,683 5	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000	Others US\$ '000	US\$ '000 5,412 53,266
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions	shareholders US\$ '000	US\$ '000 1,683	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4	US\$ '000 5,412 53,266 2,237
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109	US\$ '000 1,683 5	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997	US\$ '000 5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 -	US\$ '000 1,683 5	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4	US\$ '000 5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109	US\$ '000 1,683 5	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997	US\$ '000 5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses As of 31 December 2017	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 -	US\$ '000 1,683 5 1,959	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997	5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954 1,155
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses As of 31 December 2017 Deposits with banks	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 -	US\$ '000 1,683 5	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161 - 1,155	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547 840 -	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997 114 -	5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954 1,155
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses As of 31 December 2017 Deposits with banks Loans and advances	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 -	US\$ '000 1,683 5 1,959 113,336	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997	5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954 1,155 113,336 176,692
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses As of 31 December 2017 Deposits with banks Loans and advances Deposits from banks	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 - - -	US\$ '000 1,683 5 1,959	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161 - 1,155	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547 840 - 7,310	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997 114 - - 1,767	5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954 1,155 113,336 176,692 6,686
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses As of 31 December 2017 Deposits with banks Loans and advances Deposits from banks Customers' deposits	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 - - - - 5,966,668	US\$ '000 1,683 5 1,959 113,336	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161 - 1,155	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547 840 -	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997 114 -	5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954 1,155 113,336 176,692 6,686 6,021,867
Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses As of 31 December 2017 Deposits with banks Loans and advances Deposits from banks Customers' deposits Subordinated liabilities	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 - - -	US\$ '000 1,683 5 1,959 113,336 - 6,686	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161 - 1,155 - 167,615 - 46,248	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547 840 - 7,310	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997 114 - - 1,767	5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954 1,155 113,336 176,692 6,686 6,021,867 197,207
30 June 2017 Interest income Interest expense Fees and commissions Short term employee benefits End of service benefits Directors' fees and related expenses As of 31 December 2017 Deposits with banks Loans and advances Deposits from banks Customers' deposits	shareholders US\$ '000 63 53,205 109 - - - - 5,966,668	US\$ '000 1,683 5 1,959 113,336	Non Executive Directors US\$ '000 3,515 22 161 - 1,155	Senior man Management Directors US\$ '000 123 34 4 5,547 840 - 7,310	Others US\$ '000 28 - 4 1,997 114 - - 1,767	5,412 53,266 2,237 7,544 954 1,155 113,336 176,692 6,686 6,021,867